

Newfield Park Primary School

Core Vocabulary Progression: Geography



Below are the core vocabulary lists for Geography

They give examples of the subject specific vocabulary that children will use and become familiar with during each key stage, reflecting their increasing knowledge, breadth and depth of experience and can be used across a range of topic areas. They are not intended to be used to test pupils but give an indication of the language and terms used by staff in lessons and across units of learning to broaden vocabulary and understanding.

EYFS	YEARS 1&2	YEARS 3&4	YEARS 5&6
<p>Direction Language: under, above, backwards, forwards, left, right.</p> <p>Mapping: bridge, roundabout, traffic lights, street, tunnel, map, zebra crossing.</p> <p>Human Geography: church, school, bungalow, flat, house.</p>	<p>Fieldwork: fieldwork, observations</p> <p>Physical Geography: beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation and weather.</p> <p>Human Geography: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office and shop.</p> <p>Directional Language: north, south, east, west, near, far.</p> <p>Mapping: aerial plan, oblique plan, simple map, plan perspectives, grid references, compass, symbols, key.</p> <p>Location: UK, capital cities, country, Europe, continents, equator, the North and South Poles, season, weather patterns.</p>	<p>Fieldwork: fieldwork, observations, record, quadrat, anemometer.</p> <p>Physical Geography: erosion, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, rivers, mountains, the water cycle, desert. Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle.</p> <p>Human Geography: settlements, land use, economic, trade, natural resources, energy, food, minerals, supplies.</p> <p>Mapping: sketch maps, eight points of a compass, globe, atlas, grid references, OS Map, digit map, route, features, location, four-figure grid references, GIS.</p> <p>Location: region, climate, weather, rainfall, temperature, wind speed, social, economic and environmental changes, local area, characteristics, European Union, cities.</p>	<p>Fieldwork: statistics, conclusions, collect, characteristic features, sketching, maps, plans, random, systematic, measure, record, compare.</p> <p>Physical Geography: river, mountain range, coast, hills, mountains, rivers, volcanoes, water cycle, course, river system, Amazon Basin, Rainforests, equatorial rainforest, North and South America, climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, water cycle.</p> <p>Human Geography: economic, trade, distribution, natural, energy, food, minerals, and water supplies, trade links,</p> <p>Mapping: grid references, symbols, standard Ordnance Survey symbols, land use, climate zones, population densities, height of land, GIS, identifying patterns, topological maps,</p> <p>Location: latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, time zones, day and night, seasons, day and night, climate.</p>